

the NNSA weapons complex." However, if the committee does not want to prejudge the outcome of the SEAB's study, it would seem more appropriate to only put a hold on the CMRR funds until the SEAB study has reported its findings. There is considerable use to be made of the CMRR in supporting the general science mission of the laboratory as well. It is not a facility to only support manufacturing as the committee suggests. We should not expect our critical nuclear laboratories to be held up to the safety and security standard that are set by industry if we do not provide for ways to update sorely needed facilities around the nuclear weapons complex.

I find particularly troubling the reductions made to and restrictions placed upon the Laboratory Directed Research and Development (LDRD) and like programs within DOE. Section 311 of the Bill limits the amount of LDRD funding to \$250M. This is in comparison to the \$400M in FY2005. This will severely restrict fundamental R&D that is so vital to our DOE complex in meeting the needs of national security.

Section 312 of the bill is particularly troublesome since it subjects funds already subjected to overhead rates to those same rates yet again. LDRD funds have historically been used as indirect funds since they are redirected funds that have in essence already been taxed by the overhead charges.

Section 313 restricts LDRD funds derived from DOE funded programs to be used only on DOE related research, as if other funded projects (generally referred to as "Work for Others" projects) do not help fund the LDRD programs. This is in fact not the case. In general, all funding for projects at the laboratories help to fund the LDRD programs at equal rates. The accounting nightmare that would be created if the installations were forced to keep the funding separate would be particularly onerous and waste even more resources. But beyond all these arguments, the LDRD program is designed expressly to investigate basic and applied research that has broad application across the potential customer base.

HONORING DR. JAMES L. RORIE

HON. BARBARA LEE

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, May 25, 2005

Ms. LEE. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor the extraordinary life and achievements of Dr. James L. Rorie, M.D. of Oakland California. James was a passionate and widely respected physician, a leader in our community and a wonderful friend. After decades of service to his patients throughout Oakland and the East Bay, James passed away on May 15, 2005.

James L. Rorie was born on May 15, 1945 in Albemarle, North Carolina to James W. Rorie and Raddie Ewing Rorie. He graduated second in his class from the High School of Albemarle, and went on to earn his B.S. degree from North Carolina Central University in Durham, North Carolina. After earning his college degree, James became a teacher at Kittrell Grade School in North Carolina, and later at St. Rita's Parochial School in New York. He then went on to teach physical science at Washington Irving Jr. High School in New York City, and also worked with his students as an assistant track coach.

During this time, James was also in the process of completing Summer Studies at North Carolina University, and later Post Graduate Studies at Columbia University in New York. In 1971, he entered medical school at the S.U.N.Y. Downstate Medical Center in New York, where he received his M.D. in 1976. James then did his four-year residency in Obstetrics and Gynecology at Metropolitan Hospital in New York, which he completed in 1980. Following his residency, he became a member of the National Medical Association, and in 1985, became board-certified by the American College of Obstetrics and Gynecology.

During the early 1980s, James remained in New York, working at the Woman Infant Care and P.A.A.M. Medical Clinics, and later as a clinical instructor at Metropolitan Hospital. In 1982, he relocated to Oakland, where he opened his own general Ob/Gyn practice, with an emphasis on infertility and laparoscopic surgery. James ran his practice from that time until the present, while simultaneously working as an on-call physician providing emergency room coverage in obstetrics and gynecology at the Alta Bates Summit Medical Centers in Oakland and Berkeley and for East Bay Medical Associates. For a number of years, he also served on the Board of Directors of the East Bay Surgery Center, and as the chief of obstetrics and gynecology at Oakhill Medical Group.

Though James' commitment to others was evident through his devotion to his patients, his concern for others extended beyond the medical field. He was a member of Kappa Alpha Psi Fraternity and also served on the board of directors of the Black Filmmakers Hall of Fame and the Boys and Girls Club of Oakland. James was a devoted brother, father and friend, and is survived by his daughter Raina, his son James, his brothers Glen and Bobby, his sisters Eleanor and Shirley, his foster sister Vangie, and numerous other relatives, friends and colleagues.

On a very personal note, James Rorie, with great skill and compassion, brought my youngest granddaughter Simone Lee into the world on August 30, 2004. For this, I am deeply grateful and I will always remember Dr. Rorie as a competent physician, a good friend and a community leader.

On Sunday, May 22, 2005, we join together to celebrate the life of James L. Rorie, and everything he contributed to those around him during his lifetime. The impact he had on the lives of his patients and students is truly immeasurable, as was the effect he had on those of us who had the privilege of knowing him as relatives and as friends. The role played in our community by individuals as committed to serving others as James is of paramount importance in ensuring the health of our community and the well-being of our families and young people. On behalf of the 9th Congressional District, I salute James L. Rorie for a lifetime of service to others, and for his devotion to making our community a better place.

ON THE FIRST ANNIVERSARY OF
TAIWAN PRESIDENT CHEN SHUI-
BIAN'S RE-ELECTION

HON. ELIOT L. ENGEL

OF NEW YORK

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, May 25, 2005

Mr. ENGEL. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to pay tribute to Taiwan President Chen Shui-bian on the occasion of his first anniversary of his second presidential term. He was re-elected to president of the Republic of China last year.

A number of my colleagues and the American public have taken notice of Taiwan's political and economic achievements during the last two decades. A recent Business Week online article says "the global economy couldn't function without it (Taiwan). But can it really find peace with China?" I agree with the article's assessment of Taiwan's importance to the information and technology industry in the world. The revenues of Taiwan's 25 key tech companies should reach \$12 billion this year. The article goes on to say that if a shooting war starts across the Taiwan Strait, the damage to the world economy would be equivalent to a "nuclear bomb going off" and the information and technology supply could be severely compromised.

Hence peace and stability in the Taiwan Strait are in everyone's best interest. Taiwan's President Chen Shui-bian is a man of impressive leadership skills who has made it clear over and over again that he would like to resolve the difficulties between Taipei and Beijing at the negotiating table rather than the battlefield. Unfortunately his call for Beijing to resume cross strait dialogue with Taipei without preconditions on either side has so far been rejected by China.

It is regrettable that the Chinese leadership has refused to even talk with President Chen, the duly elected president of Taiwan. If real progress is going to be made in reducing tensions between China and Taiwan, it should be based on a genuine dialogue between the elected Taiwanese government and the established Chinese leadership.

In this respect I concur with Assistant Secretary of State Randal Shriver's statement that "Dialogue is better than no dialogue at all, and we think talking is better than no talking . . . the leaders in Beijing will ultimately have to talk to the elected leaders of Taiwan."

So, once again, Mr. Speaker, I would like to take this opportunity to commemorate the first anniversary of the election of Taiwan President Chen Shui-bian to his second term and offer my hopes that real dialogue across the Taiwan Straits, without preconditions, will begin someday soon.

TRIBUTE TO CHERYL SABAN

HON. HOWARD L. BERMAN

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, May 25, 2005

Mr. BERMAN. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to pay tribute to a talented and creative friend, Cheryl Saban, who is being honored by Parents' Action for Children for her many outstanding contributions and longtime support of the organization. Parents' Action for Children

is a national organization dedicated to advancing the interests of families and young children. Cheryl's heartfelt compassion for children make her an outstanding choice for the recognition.

Cheryl is a selfless, caring person of enormous energy, intellect talent and integrity. She is an author, producer, philanthropist and child advocate. As a mother of four, she understands the critical services needed by parents to ensure the wellbeing and future success of their children. She actively transforms this understanding into a plethora of positive and highly effective projects.

Cheryl authored 50 Ways to Save Our Children and founded the 50 Ways to Save our Children Foundation which provides resource guides for individuals interested in finding ways to help children and families. She also authored a toddler series, *Miracle Child*. Griffin. *Sins of the Mother* and *Recipe for a Good Marriage*. Her credits also include television films "Au Pair" and "Au Pair II" which she co-wrote and co-executive produced for the Fox Family Channel.

In addition to devoting time and energy to her own initiatives, Cheryl works diligently with many of America's most respected non-profits. She is a Board Trustee of Children's Hospital Los Angeles where she focuses on pediatric research and volunteers in the Neonatal Intensive Care Unit. She serves on the Board of United Friends of the Children, an organization dedicated to foster youth, on the Advisory Board of the Marc and Jane Nathanson Mental Health Resource Center at UCLA and on the Boards of Parents' Action for Children, and Los Angeles Universal Preschool, and Crossroads School. She is a member of Every Child Foundation and recently served on the Los Angeles City Commission for Children, Youth and Their Families.

Cheryl has a master's degree in Psychology and has recently received a Ph.D. in Pediatric Psychology. Married to Haim Saban, together they have made a tremendous difference in the lives of countless numbers of children and their families.

I am proud to be one of the many friends of this charming and accomplished woman, and it is my distinct pleasure to ask my colleagues to join with me in saluting Cheryl Saban for her outstanding contributions to our community.

INTRODUCTION OF LEGISLATION TO FACILITATE LAND EXCHANGE IN THE STATE OF ARIZONA

HON. RICK RENZI

OF ARIZONA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, May 25, 2005

Mr. RENZI. Mr. Speaker, with Congressman ED PASTOR, Congressman JIM KOLBE, Congressman J.D. HAYWORTH, Congressman JOHN SHADEGG, Congressman JEFF FLAKE and Congressman TRENT FRANKS, I rise today to introduce legislation to facilitate a land exchange in the State of Arizona.

Mr. Speaker, this legislation, the Southeast Arizona Land Exchange and Conservation Act of 2005, facilitates a land exchange between the Resolution Copper Company and the United States in southeast Arizona. The exchange will convey 3,025 acres of National

Forest land to Resolution Copper near the Town of Superior. In return, the United States will acquire 4,814 acres of non-federal conservation land.

The 3,025 acres of Forest Service land to be traded to Resolution Copper will facilitate future exploration, and possible development, of what may be one of the largest deposits of copper ore discovered in North America. Approximately seventy-five percent of the land is blanketed by federally-authorized mining claims owned by Resolution Copper. This provides Resolution Copper with the right to explore and develop mineral deposits on this land.

Six parcels, totaling 4,814 acres, will be conveyed by Resolution Copper to the U.S. Forest Service and the Bureau of Land Management. The largest of the six parcels is a 3,073 acres ranch, Seven B Ranch, near Mammoth, Arizona. The parcel borders a Nature Conservancy preserve and runs 6.8 miles along both sides of the San Pedro River, a river recognized for its wildlife and bird habitat.

Another parcel, the Appleton Ranch, inside the Appleton-Whittell Research Ranch and Las Cienegas National Conservation Area, is intermingled with federal and National Audubon Society lands which are managed as an environmental refuge and ecological laboratory.

Mr. Speaker, the public acquisition of the six parcels will benefit the Federal Government and the public. This land exchange has been endorsed by the Arizona Audubon Society, Nature Conservancy, Sonoran Institute, Arizona Game and Fish Department and several other groups. In addition, Governor Janet Napolitano wrote a letter supporting the exchange.

In addition to the land exchange, the Southeast Arizona Land Exchange and Conservation Act of 2005 places a permanent conservation easement on the 562 acre Apache Leap portion of the land Resolution Copper will acquire from the Forest Service. This easement will permanently protect the surface of the Apache Leap area from any disturbance that could occur during mining.

The legislation also requires Resolution Copper to pay up to \$500,000 to finance the design, construction and access to the new campground to replace Oak Flat Campground. In addition, the legislation allows continued use of the Oak Flat Campground for 2 years after the enactment of this legislation.

Mr. Speaker, I will be remiss if I do not recognize concerns raised by the climbing community on their potential loss of recreational use caused by this exchange. I am still hopeful that Resolution Copper will continue a productive dialogue with the climbing community. I have included placeholder language on page 20 of the legislation entitled "Additional Rock Climbing Provisions." This language represents my firm commitment to address this issue before this legislation moves forward. The legislation does include language that requires Resolution Copper to pay up to \$250,000 to access and develop a new climbing area. Resolution Copper is in the process of identifying these new climbing areas. I am hopeful that Resolution Copper will include the climbing groups in this important process.

Mr. Speaker, I urge my colleagues to support the Southeast Arizona Land Exchange and Conservation Act of 2005.

RECOGNIZING CHILDREN'S HOSPICE INTERNATIONAL ON ITS 22ND ANNIVERSARY ON MAY 23, 2005

HON. JAMES P. MORAN

OF VIRGINIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, May 25, 2005

Mr. MORAN of Virginia. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to commemorate the 22nd anniversary of Children's Hospice International, a groundbreaking, non-profit organization based in Alexandria, Virginia.

Since 1983, Children's Hospice International (CHI) has been a champion of children with life-threatening conditions—and their families—by calling for the U.S. healthcare system to do more to meet their medical and emotional needs.

In 1983, only four of 1,400 hospice programs in the United States were willing to accept children.

Since then, great progress has been made—and now, aided by the efforts of Children's Hospice International, 450 of about 3,000 hospices include child-specific services.

But CHI's work is far from done. The standards and training it has developed for pediatric hospice programs need to be universally adopted by hospice, palliative care, and home care programs. CHI is also working to include the hospice perspectives in all areas of pediatric care and education.

Of the 10 million children in the United States who are living with a serious chronic condition, each year about 54,000 will die without hospice services—and another 1.3 million children's lives could greatly benefit from this care.

CHI is seeking to eliminate the roadblocks in private and public insurance programs that prevent these children and their families from receiving the full range of services they need.

Historically, hospice and reimbursement guidelines—in Medicaid and most private plans—require that patients forego all life-saving care before they can be admitted to hospice, and that the patient be within the last six months of life. CHI has worked with the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) to facilitate State implementation of CHI PACC programs that will reduce the impact of these requirements on children and families.

These restrictions simply do not work with patients in pediatric care.

We know that the most critical time for children and family members—when they need intensive support and guidance that hospice and palliative care programs provide—is at the point of diagnosis.

A parent should never have to choose between hospice care and the hope for a cure. And, because of the unpredictable course of many serious childhood illnesses, it is often very difficult for doctors to determine when a child is within six months of death.

Since 1997, CHI has worked with CMS to set up the Program for All-Inclusive Care for Children and their Families (CHI PACC).

Unlike traditional hospice/palliative care models, a CHI PACC program provides a continuum of care for children and their families from time of diagnosis, with hope for a cure, and through bereavement if a cure is not attained.